

§ 646.910 What are a tribe's appeal rights under the INA WtW program?

The administrative procedures in proceedings initiated by grantees funded under section 401 of the Job Training Partnership Act, as codified at 20 CFR part 636, shall apply to appeals of agency action by INA WtW grantees. These appeal procedures include the following provisions:

(a) Within twenty-one (21) days of the receipt of a denial of a request for a statutory waiver under § 646.800 of this part, or within twenty-one (21) days of receipt of a final determination imposing a sanction or corrective action issued pursuant to 20 CFR 636.8, an INA WtW grantee whose request for a statutory waiver has been denied, or who seeks review of a Grant Officer's Final Determination, may request a hearing before the Department's Office of Administrative Law Judges pursuant to 20 CFR 636.10.

(b) The decision of an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) shall be final unless, within twenty (20) days of the decision, a party dissatisfied with that ALJ decision has filed a petition for review with the Administrative Review Board (ARB), established pursuant to the provisions of Secretary's Order No. 2-96, published at 61 FR 19977 (May 3, 1996). This petition shall specifically identify the procedure, fact, law, and/or policy to which exception is taken. Those provisions of the determination not specified for review, or the entire determination when no hearing has been requested, shall be considered resolved and not subject to further review. A copy of the petition for review must be sent to the opposing party at that time. Thereafter, the decision of the ALJ shall constitute final agency action unless the ARB, within thirty (30) days of the filing of the petition for review, notifies the parties that the case has been accepted for review. Any case accepted by the ARB shall be decided within 120 days of such acceptance. If no decision is reached in that time, then the decision of the ALJ shall constitute final Departmental action.

§ 646.915 What administrative requirements must be met when the INA WtW program ends?

In accordance with the Department's regulations at 29 CFR 97.50 for tribes and 29 CFR 95.71 for nonprofits, all expiring grants will be closed out. This means that all funds drawn down under the INA WtW grant must be accounted for as allowable expenditures or returned to the Department. The Department will issue appropriate closeout forms and instructions to all INA WtW grantees after the program ends.

PART 650—STANDARD FOR APPEALS PROMPTNESS—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

Sec.

650.1 Nature and purpose of the standard.

650.2 Federal law requirements.

650.3 Secretary's interpretation of Federal law requirements.

650.4 Review of State law and criteria for review of State compliance.

650.5 Annual appeals performance plan.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1102 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1302; Secretary's Order No. 4-75, dated April 16, 1975. Interpret and apply secs. 303(a)(1), 303(a)(3), and 303(b)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 503(a)(1), 503(a)(3), 503(b)(2)).

SOURCE: 37 FR 16173, Aug. 11, 1972, unless otherwise noted.

§ 650.1 Nature and purpose of the standard.

(a) This standard is responsive to the overriding concern of the U.S. Supreme Court in *California Department of Human Resources v. Java*, 402 U.S. 121 (1971), and that of other courts with delay in payment of unemployment compensation to eligible individuals, including delays caused specifically by the adjudication process. The standard seeks to assure that all administrative appeals affecting benefit rights are heard and decided with the greatest promptness that is administratively feasible.

(b) Sections 303(a) (1) and (3) of the Social Security Act require, as a condition for the receipt of granted funds, that State laws include provisions for methods of administration reasonably